Learning Series
Massachusetts HealthCare Training Forum (MTF)

Health Connector and MassHealth: Year-end tax filing process
January 2019
During this presentation, the following information will be reviewed:

• What is the year-end tax filing process and why is it happening?
• What tax forms will members receive from the Health Connector and MassHealth?
• What should members do with the forms?
• When will forms be mailed?
• Where can members find help with tax preparation?
What is the year-end tax filing process and why is it happening?
In Massachusetts, all residents are required to have health insurance.

In Massachusetts, Chapter 58 established an individual mandate in 2007, which requires adults in Massachusetts to purchase health insurance if it is affordable to them and meets Minimum Creditable Coverage (MCC) standards.
A tax law was signed by the President in late 2017 that sets the penalty for the federal individual mandate to $0 beginning in 2019.

- The Affordable Care Act (ACA) required individuals to have health insurance that meets a minimum standard called Minimum Essential Coverage (MEC).

- The penalties for that federal individual mandate to have health insurance were set to $0 through the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, effective in 2019.

- The IRS is still enforcing the federal mandate for tax year 2018.

The Health Connector wants to remind Massachusetts residents that Massachusetts still has its own state-based individual mandate, which will remain in effect.
The repeal of the federal individual mandate means that:

- For tax year **2018**, consumers are still required to provide proof of their enrollment in health insurance coverage on both their state and federal tax returns or pay a penalty.

- For tax year **2019**, consumers will only be penalized for not having health insurance coverage on their state tax return.

- Health Connector members should know that any plan sold through the Health Connector meets the state’s individual mandate requirements.

- Consumers that receive federal APTCs must still file and reconcile them on their federal tax return in order to continue to be eligible for them in future years.
**Taxes and health insurance overlap.**

Certain individuals received federal premium tax credits to reduce their health insurance premiums

- Households that received advance premium tax credits during the year will have to “reconcile” what they received based on projected income against their actual annual income when they do their federal income taxes
  - If an individual does not reconcile advance premium tax credits received, that individual may be ineligible to receive APTCs in future years until the APTCs are reconciled
- Households that did not receive premium tax credits in advance may still claim a premium tax credit when they file their taxes, even if they did not request financial assistance when they applied
What tax forms will members receive from the Health Connector and MassHealth?
Coverage Reporting

- **State Coverage Reporting:** Plan sponsors, often employers, must send enrollees evidence of each month during the calendar year in which they were enrolled in MCC for at least 15 days. This report is known as the 1099-HC and is often sent by the health plan rather than the employer.
  - Those enrolled in a Qualified Health Plan in 2018 (including ConnectorCare) will receive a Form 1099-HC from their health plan.
  - Those enrolled in certain MassHealth programs in 2018 will receive a 1099-HC from MassHealth.

- **Federal Coverage Reporting:** Any entity that provides coverage must send enrollees evidence of each month during the calendar year in which they were enrolled in MEC for at least 1 day. This report is known as the Form 1095.
  - Health Connector will send Form 1095-A to non-group enrollees, while MassHealth, Carriers and others will send Form 1095-B.
Form 1095 vs. 1099-HC

1095-A, B and C

• The 1095 forms shows the months the individual met the **federal** rules for Minimum Essential Coverage (MEC)

• May be needed to complete a **federal** tax return

• For questions about the need to fill out a federal tax return, or how they should complete their federal tax return with the 1095 information, call the IRS Call Center at:
  — (800) 829-1040 OR

1099-HC

• The 1099-HC form shows that individuals met the Massachusetts rules for coverage

• May be needed to complete a state income tax return

• Questions about the need to fill out a Massachusetts state tax return, or about how to complete a state tax return with the MA 1099-HC information, should be directed to the **Massachusetts DOR** website at:
  — [www.mass.gov/dor/individuals](http://www.mass.gov/dor/individuals)
1095-B Questions

• If you or your client/patient have questions about why they received the Form 1095-B from MassHealth, or, if they need a duplicate notice, contact the **MassHealth Customer Service Center** at:
  
  — 1-866-682-6745
  
  — TTY: 1-800-497-4648 (for people who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech disabled)
# Overview of 1095 Forms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1095-A</th>
<th>1095-B</th>
<th>1095-C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Who sends it?</strong></td>
<td>State-based or Federal Marketplaces</td>
<td>Carriers, Government programs (Medicare, Medicaid, VA, etc.), small employers</td>
<td>Large employers (more than 50 full-time equivalent employees)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Who receives it?**     | Individuals enrolled in Qualified Health Plans through the Health Connector or another Marketplace | Individuals not enrolled in a Marketplace or are not employed by a large employer:  
  - Employees of small employers  
  - MassHealth members  
  - Individual market enrollees  
  - Federal program recipients (e.g., Medicare, VA, Tricare)  
  - Students | Employees of large employers                                                                 |
| **Who does not receive it?** |  
  - Enrollees in catastrophic health plans or dental plans  
  - Health Connector for Business enrollees | People who did not have a plan meeting Minimum Essential Coverage (MEC) standards | People who did not have a plan meeting Minimum Essential Coverage (MEC) standards |
| **What’s different from the other 1095s?** | Contains APTC amounts and other information needed to determine the correct amount of tax credits the household should have received based on their final income | “Simplest” 1095 because it only shows the months a household had coverage | Contains the same information as the 1095-B, plus information related to any offer of coverage from the employer |
What forms will Health Connector members get?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>1095 info</th>
<th>1099-HC info</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ConnectorCare</td>
<td>1095-A from the Health Connector</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QHP with APTC or unsub</td>
<td>1095-B from the carrier</td>
<td>1099-HC from their health plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Catastrophic plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Connector for Business</td>
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</table>
The Health Connector will send a Form 1095-A to non-group members enrolled in a Health Connector plan for at least one month of 2018.

- The Form 1095-A has important information about the months each member had health insurance coverage through the Health Connector, including the cost of monthly premiums, and any tax credits received during the year.
- The Form 1095-A is used by the member or tax preparer when filing a federal tax return.
**Sample Form 1095-A**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 1095-A</th>
<th>Health Insurance Marketplace Statement</th>
<th>VOID</th>
<th>ONB No. 1449-2032</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Correction</td>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Part I: Recipient Information**

- 1. Name of the individual
- 2. Marketplace-designated policy number
- 3. Policy issuer's name
- 4. Recipient's date of birth
- 5. Recipient's Social Security number
- 6. Recipient's spouse's Social Security number
- 7. Recipient's spouse's date of birth
- 8. Recipient's address
- 9. City or town
- 10. State or province
- 11. Country and ZIP or foreign postal code
- 12. Policy start date
- 13. Policy termination date

**Part II: Covered Individuals**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>SSN</th>
<th>Individual Equalization</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>Termination Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Part III: Coverage Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Name of Individual</th>
<th>SSN</th>
<th>Monthly premium</th>
<th>Monthly second lowest cost share</th>
<th>Advance premium payment of premium tax credit</th>
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<td>January</td>
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<tr>
<td>December</td>
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For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.
The Health Connector will continue to mail 1095 forms to members. In addition, 1095 forms will be available for download from the notices section of the Payment Center website. Members can view forms or print them - available in PDF format. Permissions for the Payment Center website vary by Assister type.

- Navigator can view notices and forms, Certified Application Counselors (CACs) cannot.
- Remember if a member has an Optum ID, they can log in on their own (or with your assistance) and view and print documents from their account.
Requests for Duplicate and Corrected forms

- **Duplicate forms** - Members have the option of either going online to the payment center to download and print a copy or call the Health Connector Customer Service to request a duplicate be mailed to them.

- **Corrections** - Members should call the Health Connector Customer Service, and the representative will research if a mistake made.
  - If so, they will further investigate and make the corrections needed.
  - Once the application is corrected a new Form 1095-A will be generated and mailed to the member.

- For both the Duplicate and Corrected forms, the members mailing address will be confirmed.

- All correction and duplicate requests for **Form 1099–HC** for Health Connector members should be referred to the member’s health plan.

- All correction and duplicate requests for MassHealth members should be referred to MassHealth Customer Service Center at 1-866-682-6745 (TTY: 1-800-497-4648).
MassHealth
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>1095 info</th>
<th>1099-HC info</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>1095-B from MassHealth</td>
<td>1099-HC from MassHealth, unless member was 18 years or older and was &lt;150% FPL all year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CarePlus</td>
<td>1095-B from MassHealth</td>
<td>1099-HC from MassHealth, unless member was &lt;150% FPL all year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommonHealth</td>
<td>1095-B from MassHealth</td>
<td>1099-HC from MassHealth, unless member was &lt;150% FPL all year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Assistance (Direct Coverage)</td>
<td>1095-B from MassHealth</td>
<td>1099-HC from MassHealth, unless member was &lt;150% FPL all year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Safety Net</td>
<td>No form – not MEC</td>
<td>No form – not MCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited</td>
<td>No form – not MEC</td>
<td>No form – not MCC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Form 1095-B

Form 1095-B:

- An Internal Revenue Service (IRS) form. It shows the months the individual met the **federal** rules for minimum essential coverage (MEC).

- Different from the state’s 1099-HC form and applies to the state tax return. 1095-B is federal form that is sent in addition to the 1099-HC.

- The 1095-B form(s) provides information the individual member may need to complete their **federal tax return**.

- MassHealth will send the 1095-B to members in January (unless an extension has been granted) who were covered by MassHealth for at least part of one month in 2018 – even if it was only one day of the month.

- By law, MassHealth and the Health Connector will send the individual member’s 1095 information to the IRS.
Form 1095-B (cont’d)

Form 1095-B

Health Coverage

Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Part I Responsible Individual

1. Name of responsible individual: First name, middle name, last name
2. Social security number (SSN) or other TIN
3. Date of birth (If SSN or other TIN is not available)
4. Street address (Including apartment no.)
5. City or town
6. State or province
7. Country and ZIP or foreign postal code
8. Enter letter identifying Origin of the Health Coverage (see instructions for codes)
9. Reserved

Part II Information About Certain Employer-Sponsored Coverage (see instructions)

10. Employer name
11. Employer Identification number (EIN)
12. Street address (Including room or suite no.)
13. City or town
14. State or province
15. Country and ZIP or foreign postal code

Part III Issuer or Other Coverage Provider (see instructions)

16. Name
17. Employer Identification number (EIN)
18. Contact telephone number
19. Street address (Including room or suite no.)
20. City or town
21. State or province
22. Country and ZIP or foreign postal code

Part IV Covered Individuals (Enter the information for each covered individual.)

(a) Name of covered individual(s)
First name, middle initial, last name
(b) SSN or other TIN
(c) DOB (If SSN or other TIN is not available)
(d) Covered all 12 months
(e) Months of coverage

For 2018, each covered individual will receive a separate Form 1095-B from MassHealth.
Form 1095-B (cont’d)

• Part III is populated with EOHHS information

• In Part IV of Form 1095-B, a box with a checkmark will indicate each month or part of a month that the individual had MassHealth coverage in 2018

• The individual member will need the information in form 1095-B if they have to complete a federal income tax return

Please note: Each covered individual (not household) will receive a separate Form 1095-B from MassHealth
MassHealth Sample Notice

For more information: MassHealth Eligibility Operations Memo 19-02

What should members do with these forms?
Members who received Advance Premium Tax Credits during the year (including through ConnectorCare)

**Must** complete Form 8962 when they file their taxes to see if they got the right amount of subsidy based on their final income for the year. They may get more money back or have to repay some money.

Failing to complete Form 8962 may result in being ineligible for APTCs in the future.

Members who did not receive Advance Premium Tax Credits during the year

**May** complete Form 8962 when they file their taxes to see if they could get premium tax credits based on their final income for the year.
Complying with the Federal Individual Mandate

- If members had coverage for the full year, they can check a box for full year coverage on their federal income tax return.

- If they did not have coverage for the full year, they should use the Form(s) 1095 they received to complete Form 8965 with their tax return.

- Form 8965 will allow them to report their months of coverage as well as claim exemptions from the penalty.

- New for tax year 2018, individuals can claim a hardship exemption on their tax return.

- If a member needs to apply for an exemption from the federal mandate that cannot be claimed through the IRS, they should go to healthcare.gov/exemptions BEFORE they file their return.
  - This website has application instructions as well as a screening tool to help identify potential exemptions.
  - CMS will review the application and grant a hardship code the individual can use on their taxes.
  - Individuals can file for an extension while CMS processes their application, or they can pay the penalty when they file and amend their return if CMS approves their request.
Complying with the Federal Individual Mandate (cont’d)

- Some exemptions are granted by CMS and some by IRS. For more information on exemptions and who grants them, visit these sites:
  - https://www.healthcare.gov/exemptions
Complying with the State Individual Mandate

- If members had coverage for the full year, they can check a box for full year coverage on their state income tax return.

- If they did not have coverage for the full year, they should use the Form(s) 1099-HC they received to complete Schedule HC with their tax return.
  
  — Schedule HC will allow them to report their months of coverage as well as claim exemptions from the penalty.

- If a member needs to apply for an exemption from the state mandate, they can indicate their wish to appeal when they file their taxes.
  
  — The Department of Revenue will send them a letter asking for more proof of their hardship, which the Health Connector will review.
  
  — No penalty will be assessed until the Health Connector has made a decision.
There will be some members who receive both a Form 1095-A from the Health Connector and a Form 1095-B from MassHealth showing overlapping coverage for a given month

- As a reminder, Health Connector plans with Advance Premium Tax Credits and ConnectorCare plans are for individuals who do not have access to other types of insurance.

- In most cases, the online application is programmed to prevent someone from being determined eligible for coverage if they are already eligible for another coverage type.
  - Generally, if a member takes tax credits even though they have other coverage, they must repay the tax credits for that month when they file their federal income taxes, subject to certain caps.
  - However, there are certain situations when a member would not be considered ineligible for tax credits, even though they received two 1095 forms showing overlapping coverage for a given month. As an example, people who transitioned between MassHealth and Health Connector programs or those who received retroactive MassHealth eligibility.
Members with Overlapping Health Connector and MassHealth Coverage (cont’d)

• In general, if a member believes that their overlapping coverage was valid, it is proper to only report Health Connector coverage for that month when they file their taxes
  – They do not need a corrected form from MassHealth, even if they do not report the MassHealth coverage on their taxes
  – MassHealth has a responsibility to tell a member if they had coverage for at least one day in a month according to its records, but it is the members responsibility to determine if that coverage means they must repay tax credits

• Regulation from IRS says that if tax credits aren’t ended for the month following a redetermination into Medicaid, the individual is treated as not being enrolled in MEC until the first day of the second month following the eligibility change and does not have to pay back the APTC for the first month
Members with Overlapping Health Connector and MassHealth Coverage (cont’d)

Example:

• Wendy has been enrolled in a QHP and receiving APTCs through the Health Connector

• Wendy later became eligible and approved for MassHealth on July 16 with a start date of June 3

• Wendy receives her approval notice on July 24

• Wendy would not be penalized or have to repay any tax credits claimed before September 1
When will forms be mailed?
## Important Dates in 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mid-Late January</td>
<td>1095-A forms sent to all QHP members (including ConnectorCare members)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January (unless an extension has been granted)</td>
<td>1095-B forms will be sent to certain MassHealth Members</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 1\textsuperscript{st}</td>
<td>Individuals are encouraged to report any corrections to 1095 or 1099-HC forms to the Health Connector and new forms to be sent out prior to the tax filing deadline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 17, 2019</td>
<td>Federal and State Tax filing deadline</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The regular tax return filing deadline is April 15. However, due to April 15 being a Massachusetts holiday (Patriots day) and Washington D.C.’s Emancipation day holiday on April 16, Tax day is on the following Tuesday.*
## Health Connector Communications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Activity to Members</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mid January</strong></td>
<td>What to Expect <strong>Emails</strong> going to all members who have an email on file, reminding them to wait for all necessary forms before filing their taxes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mid January</strong></td>
<td>What to Expect <strong>Mailer</strong> to members, without a known email address, reminding them to wait for all necessary forms before filing their taxes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mid January - April</strong></td>
<td>Call Center IVR messaging about filing taxes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mid to Late January</strong></td>
<td>1095-A with Cover Letter and FAQ (English &amp; Spanish)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>End of February</strong></td>
<td>Email to inform members on how to request corrected 1095-A Forms &amp; to remind them to file their taxes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sample “What to expect” Mailer,

Sent to members without emails on file.

Key messages:

- Don’t file your taxes until you have all of your 2018 health insurance tax forms. We will send you a Form 1095-A by the end of January. Wait until you get this form before filing your federal income tax return.

- Remember, you must file a federal income tax return this year, even if you haven’t had to in the past.

English and Spanish versions
• Note the envelopes will be a turquoise color!
IMPORTANT: Use your Form 1095-A for filing 2018 taxes

Dear [Primary Recipient],

You are receiving a Form 1095-A because you were enrolled in health insurance coverage through the Health Connector for at least one month in 2018. This form has important information that you will need when filing your federal income tax return for 2018. Bring your Form 1095-A with you when you meet with your tax preparer, or have it ready when you prepare your own return. As required by law, a copy of this information has been sent to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

If you don’t file, you won’t be able to get help paying for your health insurance in the future. If you’re not sure if you received an Advance Premium Tax Credit in 2018, you can learn more on the FAQ page included with this letter.

What you need to do with Form 1095-A

1. Make sure the information on your Form 1095-A is correct. Use the checklist on the next page to check your form. Let us know as soon as possible if any of the information on your form is not right. Please let us know no later than March 19, 2019, to avoid delays with your tax filing.
2. File a federal income tax return with IRS Form 8962 if you received an Advance Premium Tax Credit or want to claim a Premium Tax Credit.
3. Keep a copy of Form 1095-A for your records.

Why do I need a 1095-A form?

If you received an Advance Premium Tax Credit in 2018, you’ll need the information from your Form 1095-A to fill out IRS Form 8962 when you file your federal tax return. The questions from IRS Form 8962 help the IRS make sure that you got the right amount of tax credit for health insurance in 2018. The amount of tax credit you were given was based on your estimated income. If your actual income was more than what you estimated, you may have to pay back some or all of the tax credit. Or, you could get a refund if your income was less than what you estimated.

Is your information correct?

Part 1 (II) of Form 1095-A
- Do fields 10 and 11 show the right dates for the months you were covered by the Health Connector?

Important: You only need to check your 1095-A for the months you were enrolled with the Health Connector, if you had coverage from another source in 2018 (such as a job) you will get more forms from those sources, showing your other months of coverage.

Part 2 (III) of Form 1095-A
- Is the information about people covered under your health insurance plan correct?

Part 3 (III) of Form 1095-A
- Does Column 1 show the right amount of tax credit applied to your 2018 premiums?

Please note the following:

In Column A of Part 3, the monthly premium shown will not match exactly the amount that you are used to paying each month. You can learn more about this on the FAQ page or on our website at www.masshealthconnector.org/taxes.

In Column B of Part 3, we will show the cost of the second lowest-cost Silver plan available to your tax household in 2018, which was used to determine your tax credit amount. You can learn more about this on the FAQ page or on our website.

For questions or concerns about your form

If you think information on your Form 1095-A is wrong, call Customer Service as soon as possible. You should call us about any corrections to your 1095-A no later than March 19, 2019, to avoid problems when filing your taxes. For more information, go to www.masshealthconnector.org/taxes.

If you already filed your tax return

You may need to file an amended federal income tax return if you filed your tax return before you got a Form 1095-A. For more information on how to file an amended return, go to irs.gov.

Thank you,

[Signature]

Massachusetts Health Connector
Frequently Asked Questions: Form 1095-A

Why did I get a Form 1095-A?
You received a Form 1095-A because you had health insurance through the Health Connector in 2018. You will need the information from your 1095-A when you file your federal income tax return for 2018.

Do I have to file taxes even if I have low income?
Yes. Even if you’ve never had to file taxes in the past because your income is low, you will need to file a federal income tax return for 2018 if you received an Advance Premium Tax Credit. You cannot file your taxes with 1040-EZ. You must file with Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040NR.

What happens if I don’t file a federal income tax return for 2018?
If you got an Advance Premium Tax Credit in 2018 and you don’t file a federal income tax return, you won’t be able to get help paying for your health insurance through a tax credit or ConnectorCare again in the future.

How can I get help with filing my taxes?
Many people can get free tax help from programs such as Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) and Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE). Call the IRS hotline at 800-906-9887 to find a location near you. To learn more about how to get free help with your taxes, visit www.MAhealthconnector.org/taxes.

How do I get another copy of this form?
You can view and print a copy of your 1095-A form through your online account. Follow these steps to access your form online:

1. Go to MAhealthconnector.org, click Log in at the top of the screen, then choose Individuals and Families.
2. Sign in with your Optum ID (user name) and password.
3. Click on My Enrollments.
4. Click on the Make a Payment button.
5. Click on My Tax Documents at the top of the screen.

If you don’t have an online account, or have trouble signing into it, please call Customer Service for help.

I noticed something wrong with my form. How can I have it corrected?
If you think something on your form is wrong, please call Customer Service right away. It’s important to ask for a corrected version of your form as soon as possible.

What do I do with my Form 1095-A?
You should keep a copy of your Form 1095-A in a safe place and take it with you to your tax preparer, or have it with you as you prepare your own tax return. If you had an Advance Premium Tax Credit to help you pay for your health insurance in 2018, you’ll need the information in your 1095-A to fill out IRS Form 8862, Premium Tax Credit. You will need to include Form 8862 when you file. You will also need to fill out and include Form 8862 if you didn’t get a tax credit during the year but want to try and claim a premium tax credit when you file. You may also use the Form 1095-A to answer questions about your health insurance coverage in the “Health Care: Individual Responsibility” section of your tax form.
How to find help with tax preparation in your community
VITA and TCE

• **The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA)** program offers free tax help to people who generally make $55,000 or less, persons with disabilities, the elderly and limited English speaking taxpayers who need assistance in preparing their own tax returns. The IRS-certified volunteers are able to provide free basic income tax return preparation with electronic filing to qualified individuals.

• In addition to VITA, the **Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE)** program offers free tax help for all taxpayers, particularly those who are 60 years of age and older, specializing in questions about pensions and retirement-related issues unique to seniors. The IRS-certified volunteers who provide tax counseling are often retired individuals associated with non-profit organizations that receive grants from the IRS.

• Before going to a VITA or TCE site, see Publication 3676-A for services provided and check out the [What to Bring](#) page to ensure you have all the required documents and information our volunteers will need to help you.

  — Note: available services can vary at each site due to the availability of volunteers certified with the tax law expertise required for a particular return.
Finding a VITA or TCE Site Near You

• VITA and TCE sites are generally located at community and neighborhood centers, libraries, schools, shopping malls and other convenient locations across the country
  
  − To locate a VITA or TCE site or use the VITA Locator Tool
    https://www.irs.gov/individuals/find-a-location-for-free-tax-prep or call 800-906-9887

• At select tax sites, taxpayers also have an option to prepare their own basic federal and state tax return for free using web-based tax preparation software with an IRS-certified volunteer to help guide them through the process. This option is only available at locations that list “Self-Prep” in the site listing http://irs.treasury.gov/freetaxprep/
Finding an AARP TCE Tax-Aide Site

- A majority of the TCE sites are operated by the AARP Foundation’s Tax Aide program

- To locate the nearest AARP TCE Tax-Aide site between January and April use the AARP Site Locator Tool or call 888-227-7669

http://www.aarp.org/applications/VMISLocator/searchTaxAideLocations.action
Helpful IRS Resources

- **Free Tax Return Preparation for Qualifying Taxpayers**

- **Affordable Care Act (ACA) Tax Provisions**
  - [http://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act](http://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act)

- **Individual Shared Responsibility Provision**
Key Takeaways

Please keep this information in mind as you work with consumers to help them apply for health insurance coverage:

• Both Massachusetts and the federal government have a requirement for individuals to have health insurance for 2018, if it’s affordable
  
  — There are important differences in how Massachusetts and the federal government have structured their requirements that may be confusing for consumers
  
  — Filing taxes has implications for a consumer's eligibility for Advance Premium Tax Credits (APTC), including the ConnectorCare program. If members got an Advance Premium Tax Credit in 2018 and don’t file a federal income tax return, they won’t be able to get help paying for their health insurance through a tax credit or ConnectorCare again in the future until they reconcile their taxes

• An applicant’s tax filing status also impacts their ability to receive tax credits (Example, married couple must file taxes jointly to receive APTCs)

• Keeping the state informed about any changes a member has, such as income, job loss or change, marriage or pregnancy, will help minimize any unanticipated responsibilities when taxes are reconciled
Key Takeaways (cont’d)

• Remind consumers to keep any 1095 forms received from MassHealth or the Health Connector

• Also refer them to the eligibility and enrollment notices they’ve received from MassHealth and the Health Connector to help them determine when their coverage was effective, and make sure to keep copies of these notices. Consumers may need them if the IRS or their tax preparer has questions about their coverage
Questions?